

# Hedging repo borrowing

## Situation

A repo trader is a consistent borrower of \$100,000,000 in repo funds. He is worried that the economic data to be released in upcoming weeks could drive-up the overnight repo rate.

## Objective

To protect current cost of overnight repo funds by using futures so that any rise in overnight rates will be offset by the gains on the futures position.

## Strategy

June 1: The repo trader sells 30-day overnight repo rate futures and holds his position until expiry.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hedge ratio} &= (\text{number of days}/30) \times (\text{amount hedged}/\text{contract size}) \\ &= (30/30) \times (\$100,000,000/\$5,000,000) \\ &= 20 \text{ contracts} \end{aligned}$$

## Results

### JUNE 1:

30-day overnight repo rate futures price	98.00
Sells 20 futures at 98.00	

### JUNE 30:

Average overnight funding cost		2.20%
Interest rate expense	\$100,000,000 x 2.20% x (30/365)	\$180,821.92
Futures settlement		97.80
Gain on futures position	20 contracts x 20 basis points x \$41.10 per basis point	\$16,440.00
Net funding expenses	\$180,821.92 - \$16,440.00	\$164,381.92
Effective cost of funds	(\$164,381.92/\$100,000,000) x (365/30)	2.00%

The borrower effectively paid 2% even as overnight rates climbed to 2.20% as a result of this hedging strategy.